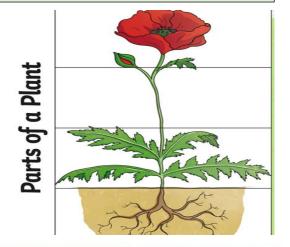
| Key Vocabulary | |
|----------------|---|
| roots | These anchor the plant into the ground and absorb water and nutrients from the soil. |
| stem | This holds the plant up and carries water and nutrients from the soil to the leaves. A trunk is the stem of a tree. |
| leaves | These make food for the plant using sunlight and carbon dioxide from the air. |
| flowers | These make seeds to grow into new plants. Their petals attract pollinators to the plant. |
| nutrients | These substances are needed by living things to grow and survive. Plants get nutrients from the soil and also make their own food in |
| pollination | When pollen (a fine powdery substance produced by a flowering plant) is moved from the male anther of a flower to the female stigma. |
| pollinator | Animals or insects which carry pollen between plants. Examples include birds, bees and bats. |
| germination | When a seed starts to grow. |
| seed dispersal | A method of moving the seeds away from the parent plant so that the seeds have the best chance of survival. |

How does your garden grow?







Pollination

Science Facts not

